

## NATIONAL LIBRARY WEEK

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 15, 1958  
[No. 3226]

## A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS throughout our national history free access to the printed word has been essential to educational and cultural advancement, to economic and technological development, and to the intelligent participation of the citizen in the affairs of our country; and

WHEREAS the libraries of our country play a major role in advancing these ends, and in enriching the life of our Nation, by bringing to the people informational, cultural, and recreational materials of all kinds; and

WHEREAS our cherished freedom to read has little meaning where books and other printed materials are not available; and

WHEREAS numerous national and local organizations are interested in focusing public attention on the services and resources of our libraries and their contribution to the civic welfare and cultural advancement of our Nation; and

WHEREAS the Congress by a concurrent resolution of March 14, 1958, has requested the President to issue a proclamation setting aside the period beginning on March 16 and ending on March 22, 1958, as National Library Week, and calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies:

*Ante*, p. 35.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning March 16 and ending March 22, 1958, as National Library Week; and I urge the fullest possible participation in the observance of that week by the people of the United States. Let National Library Week be a time for the appraisal of community needs for library services and of the means for meeting them, for encouraging the development of a better-read, better-informed citizenry, and for rededication to that fine public service that has always been characteristic of the libraries of America.

National Library  
Week.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 15th day of March in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and fifty-eight, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and eighty-second.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

By the President:

CHRISTIAN A. HERTER,  
*Acting Secretary of State.*

## CANCER CONTROL MONTH, 1958

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 26, 1958  
[No. 3227]

## A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS efforts to control and eliminate cancer constitute a public service to the people of this Nation and to all mankind; and

WHEREAS recent progress against this disease has made it possible to save the lives of one out of every three cancer sufferers, thereby

contributing much to the health, happiness, and productivity of our citizens; and

WHEREAS achievement of the goal of controlling and eliminating cancer demands the unrelenting efforts of research scientists, physicians, and official and voluntary health agencies, together with the enlightened cooperation of the public; and

36 USC 150.

WHEREAS the Congress, by a joint resolution approved March 28, 1938 (52 Stat. 148), authorized and requested the President to issue annually a proclamation setting apart the month of April of each year as Cancer Control Month:

Cancer Control Month, 1958.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of April 1958 as Cancer Control Month; and I invite the Governors of the States, Territories, and possessions of the United States to issue similar proclamations. I also urge the medical profession, the communication industries, and all concerned groups to unite during the appointed month in the furtherance of programs for the control of cancer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 26th day of March in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and fifty-eight, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and eighty-second.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

By the President:

JOHN FOSTER DULLES,  
*Secretary of State.*

#### ENLARGING THE TUMACACORI NATIONAL MONUMENT, ARIZONA

March 28, 1958  
[No. 3228]

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

#### A PROCLAMATION

35 Stat. 2205.

WHEREAS the Tumacacori National Monument in Santa Cruz County, Arizona, established by Proclamation No. 821 of September 15, 1908, contains the ruins of the Tumacacori Mission, built largely of burned brick and cement mortar and one of the oldest Spanish missions in the Southwest; and

WHEREAS the Southwestern Monuments Association has offered to donate to the United States, for inclusion in such monument, a tract of land adjacent thereto containing the ruins of a lime kiln which was a part of the original mission establishment and which is likewise of historic interest; and

WHEREAS it appears that it would be in the public interest to include such tract of land, hereinafter described by metes and bounds, and the ruins thereon in the Tumacacori National Monument:

Tumacacori National Monument, Ariz.  
Inclusion of land.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 2 of the act of June 8, 1906, 34 Stat. 225 (16 U.S.C. 431), do proclaim that, subject to valid existing rights, the following-described tract of land shall, upon acquisition of title thereto by the United States, be added to, and become a part of the Tumacacori National Monument:

Being a part of the southeast quarter, section 30, Township 21 South, Range 13 East, Gila and Salt River Meridian, and beginning at a point on the north boundary line of Tumacacori National Monument as established by Proc-